



The Signature of Quality®

INSTALLATION & OPERATIONS INSTRUCTIONS *ECSS40, ECSS60 & ECSS80 MODELS*



KEEP THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

Engineering and technical data are subject to change without notice

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(1) INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing a Federal Industries display case. This manual contains important instructions for installing and servicing the Refrigerated Self-Service Merchandisers. A repair parts list and wiring diagram are also included in the manual. Read all of these documents carefully before installing or servicing your case.

	WARNING Read this manual before installing or servicing the case. Keep this manual accessible and refer to it before performing any work on the equipment. Failure to follow these instructions could result in personal injury or damage to the case.
	WARNING Electrical components present a risk of shock, arc flash, or serious injury. Installation and service must be performed only by a licensed electrician. The component sections of this manual contain technical instructions intended for persons qualified to perform electrical work.
	DANGER Improper or faulty hookup of electrical components in this case can result in severe injury or death. All electrical wiring must be installed in accordance with all applicable local, regional, and national electrical codes and standards.

It is important to record the model and serial number of your merchandiser for warranty purposes and for accurate part identification. Please write them in the space provided below for quick reference.

Case Model_____ Serial Number_____

Register your product online! Visit our website at **www.federalindustries.com** and register your product today.

<https://federalind.com/support-service/contact-us/register-your-product>

We're committed to providing you with the best possible experience with your new product. While this manual covers the essential information you need, it cannot address every question or situation you may encounter. If you require additional assistance, please contact us:

WARRANTY/TECHNICAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Parts Town

1200 Greenbriar Dr.

Addison, IL 60101

Toll Free: (833) 238-8168

Email: techservice@partstown.com



Please refer to the SERVICE section of this manual and complete the pre-service checklist before contacting us. Providing this information in advance allows us to deliver the most efficient and effective support possible.

(2) WARNING LABELS & SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

	This is the DANGER–Flammable symbol. When you see this symbol on your case or in the manual, it indicates the presence of flammable materials or vapors. Be alert to the risk of fire or explosion.
	This is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your case or in the manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury or damage to your equipment
	This is the notice symbol. When you see this symbol on your case or in the manual, it highlights important installation, operation, or service information. Ignoring these instructions may result in damage to the equipment or improper performance.

Be sure you understand all safety messages and always follow recommended precautions and safe operating procedures.

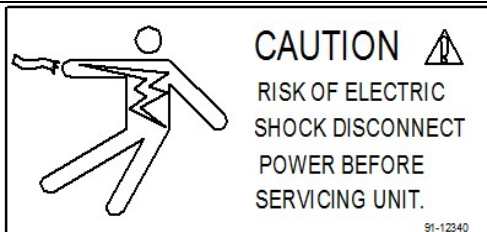
	NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS: It is your responsibility to ensure that all individuals who install, operate, or service this equipment are trained, qualified, and fully understand all applicable safety information, instructions, and procedures.
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Important safety information is presented in this section and throughout the manual. The following signal words are used in the warning and safety messages:

SYMBOL	SIGNAL WORD	DEFINITION
	DANGER	Severe injury or death <u>will</u> occur if you ignore the message.
	WARNING	Severe injury or death <u>can</u> occur if you ignore the message.
	CAUTION	Minor injury or damage to your case <u>can</u> occur if you ignore the message.
	NOTICE	Important information. Damage to the equipment <u>may</u> occur. Poor performance <u>may</u> occur.

The warning and safety labels shown throughout this manual are placed on your Federal Industries case at the factory. Follow all warning label instructions. If any warning or safety labels become lost or damaged, call our customer service department at (800) 356-4206 for replacements.

LABELS & LOCATIONS



This label is located on the back of the display case

CAUTION
HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS
DO NOT OPERATE UNIT WITH
DISPLAY PANS REMOVED.

This label is located below the display pan.

DANGER – Risk of fire or explosion. Flammable
refrigerant used. Consult repair manual/owner's
guide before attempting to service this product.
all safety precautions must be followed 91-21814

DANGER — Risque d'incendie ou d'explosion.
Fluide frigorigène utilisé. Consulter le guide
propriétaire ou le manuel de réparations avant
de d'essayer d'installer ou de réparer ce produit.
Toutes les précautions de sécurité doivent
être suivies. 91-21814

This label is located by condensing unit

(3) REFRIGERATION WARNING

3.1 Installation-repair-decommissioning

Be sure you understand all safety messages and always follow recommended precautions and safe operating procedures.



DANGER

Risk of fire or explosion. Flammable refrigerant used. To be repaired only by trained service personnel. Do not puncture refrigerant tubing. Dispose of properly in accordance with federal or local regulations.

Consult repair manual/owner's guide before attempting to service this product. All safety precautions must be followed.

Follow handling instructions carefully in compliance with national regulations.

Auxiliary devices which may be ignition sources shall not be installed in the ductwork, other than auxiliary devices listed for use with the specific appliance.

Do not store explosive substances (such as aerosol cans with a flammable propellant) in this case.

Do not use an electrical appliance **INSIDE** the food storage compartments unless its type is recommended by manufacturer.

Flammable refrigerant type specified on case nameplate is on the serial label.

APPLIES TO R290 REFRIGERANT MODELS ONLY! Contains a charge of R290 refrigerant with a lower flammability limit (LFL) of .038kg/m³. See data plate for amount of charge.

APPLIES TO R454C REFRIGERANT MODELS ONLY! Contains a charge of R454C refrigerant with a lower flammability limit (LFL) of .0.286kg/m³. See data plate for amount of charge.

WARNING

- Do NOT use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer
- The appliance **SHALL** be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources
For example: open flames, an operating gas appliance, or an operating electric heater
- Do NOT pierce or burn.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor

MISE EN GARDE

-Ne pas utiliser de moyens autres que ceux recommandés par le fabricant pour accélérer le processus de dégivrage ou pour nettoyer l'appareil.

-L'appareil doit être entreposé dans un local ne contenant pas de sources d'inflammation permanentes (flammes nues, appareil à gaz ou dispositif de chauffage électrique en fonctionnement, par exemple).

-Ne pas percer ou brûler.

-Attention, les fluides frigorigènes peuvent ne pas dégager d'odeur.

Qualification:

All refrigeration and electrical maintenance, service, and repair must be performed by a Certified Technician that is trained in the required flammable refrigerants safety procedures. Technicians must read the entire section **Error! Reference source not found.** section of this manual.

Work requiring qualification includes but is not limited to the following:

- breaking into the refrigerating circuit.
- opening of sealed components.
- opening of ventilated enclosures.

Required Safety Checks:

- ☐ Prior to beginning work on systems containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, perform the following safety checks to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized prior to conducting work on the system.
- ☐ Discharge all capacitors using safe, non-sparking method to prevent accidental arcing.
- ☐ Ensure no live electrical components or wiring are exposed during charging, recovering or purging.
- ☐ Confirm continuity of earth bonding.
- ☐ Ensure all personnel (direct, contracted, etc.) in the area are informed of the nature of the work being performed.
- ☐ Ensure the work area is open or adequately ventilated.
 - Ensure ventilation is maintained during work.
 - Ventilation should disperse any released refrigerant and preferably discharge it externally to atmosphere.
 - Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.
- ☐ Survey the surrounding area to ensure there are NO flammable hazards, ignition sources, or other unsafe conditions present.

- All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, shall be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can potentially be released to the surrounding area.
- “NO Smoking” signs shall be posted and visible.
- ☐ Check the area with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable vapors.
 - Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants (e.g., non-sparking, adequately sealed, or intrinsically safe)
 - NOTE: The use of silicon sealants can inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment.
- ☐ Work shall follow a controlled procedure that prevents release or accumulation of flammable gas or vapor throughout the process.
- ☐ No person performing work to or near a REFRIGERATION SYSTEM that involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion.
- ☐ Verify the actual REFRIGERANT CHARGE is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- ☐ Verify the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- ☐ Verify markings on the equipment continue to be visible and legible.
 - Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- ☐ Verify refrigerating pipes and components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing

Hot Work Controls

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts,

- ☐ Recover or isolate refrigerant prior to beginning hot work (See part 0 of this section)
- ☐ Appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be made readily available before starting work.
- ☐ A dry chemical or CO2 fire extinguisher should be adjacent to the charging area.
- ☐ The area shall be adequately ventilated before and during any hot work to safely disperse any released refrigerant.

Electrical Components

- ☐ Electrical components being changed shall be suitable for the purpose and to the correct specification so as to minimize the risk of possible ignition due to incorrect parts.
 - At all times, the manufacturer’s maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
 - If in doubt, consult the manufacturer’s technical department for assistance.
- ☐ If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily resolved. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution should be used.

Repairs to sealed components

- ☐ During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.
 - If it is necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- ☐ Measures shall be taken to ensure that work on electrical components does not alter the casing in such a way that it compromises its level of protection. This includes preventing:
 - Damage to cables;
 - Excessive number of connections;
 - Terminals not made to original specification;
 - Damage to seals;
 - Incorrect fitting of glands;
 - etc.
- ☐ Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- ☐ Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer prevent the egress of flammable vapors.
- ☐ Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

Repairs to intrinsically safe components

Note: Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them

- ☐ Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
- ☐ Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized,

Safe Detection of flammable refrigerants:

Under no circumstances shall potential ignition sources be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems:

Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, the sensitivity might not be adequate or might need recalibration.

- Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.
- Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
- Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine can react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipework. Examples of leak detection fluids are

- bubble method,
- fluorescent method agents.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all the refrigerants shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

Removal and Evacuation:

Prior to breaking into the refrigerant circuit for any purpose, the following procedure shall be adhered to due to the added flammability risk:

Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations.

Purge the circuit with oxygen-free nitrogen (OFN).

Evacuate (optional for R454C).

Purge the circuit with oxygen-free nitrogen (OFN) (optional for R454C).

Open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.

Due to use of flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times.

- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging flammable refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum (optional for R454C). This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system (optional for R454C). When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

Charging procedures:

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.

Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.

Cylinders should be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.

Ensure that the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.

Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).

Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

Decommissioning:

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its details. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task commences.

Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.

Isolate the system electrically.

Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:

Mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders.

All personal protective equipment is available and is being used correctly.

The recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person.

Recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

Pump down the refrigerant system, if possible.

If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.

Make sure that the cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.

Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.

Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80% volume liquid charge).

Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.

When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from the site properly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.

Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Labeling:

Equipment shall be labeled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

Recovery:

When removing the refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labeled for that refrigerant (i.e., special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valve in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect coupling and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANT does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

(4) PRE-INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

4.1 INSPECTION FOR SHIPPING DAMAGE

You are responsible for filing all freight claims with the delivery truck line. Inspect all cartons and crates for damage as soon as they arrive. If damage is noted to shipping crates, cartons, or if a shortage is found, note this on the bill of lading (all copies) prior to signing.

If damage is discovered when the case is uncrated, immediately call the delivering truck line and follow-up the call with a written report indicating concealed damage to your shipment. Ask for an immediate inspection of your concealed damaged item. Crating material must be retained to show the inspector from the truck line.

(5) INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



Important: Read Section REFRIGERATION WARNING INSTALLATION-REPAIR-DECOMMISSIONING of this manual starting on page 7.

All refrigeration and electrical work shall be performed by certified technicians.

The installation of the appliance and the refrigerant shall only be performed by Federal-approved Service or suitably qualified person.

The appliance shall be installed in accordance with safety standards ANSI/ASHRAE 15.

The appliance shall not be installed in public corridors or lobbies.

Case meets requirements for safe operation in climate class 3 environment. (Dry bulb temperature, 77°F; Relative humidity 60%). This is not a performance indication.

This case is designed for performance in NSF TYPE 1 environment: Maximum Ambient Temperature cannot exceed 75°F and Maximum Relative Humidity of 55%.

5.1 LOCATING DISPLAY CASE

The case must be located where it is not subjected to the direct rays of the sun, heating ducts, grills, radiator, or ceiling fans, nor should it be located near open doors or main door entrances. Also, avoid locations where there is excessive air movement or air disturbances.

The case requires a minimum of 48" of clearance on the three service sides of unit. The paneled side can be placed directly against wall.

5.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

IMPORTANT: Read this Section of this manual located on page 5.

“REFRIGERATION WARNING &INSTALLATION-REPAIR-DECOMMISSIONING”

All refrigeration and electrical work must be performed by certified technicians.



DANGER

Improper or faulty hookup of electrical components in the display case can result in sever injury or death

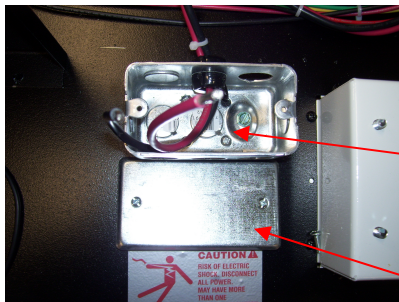
Permanent Connected (Standard)

- Only a licensed electrician must perform all case electrical connections.
- All electrical wiring hookups must be done in accordance with all applicable local, regional, or national electrical standards.
- A separate circuit for each display case is required to prevent other appliances on the same circuit from overloading the circuit and causing malfunction.
- The electrical service must be grounded upon installation.

- See the electrical data plate located on the base end, for proper circuit size and wire ampacity.

.Standard Base Electrical Connection:

There are (2) different styles of electrical box connections as shown in pictures below. The electrical connection box is in the base for floor electrical connection. The box is accessible by removing the base panel. See “Panel Removal Section” of this manual for panel removal instructions. Remove electrical box cover to access electrical connection.

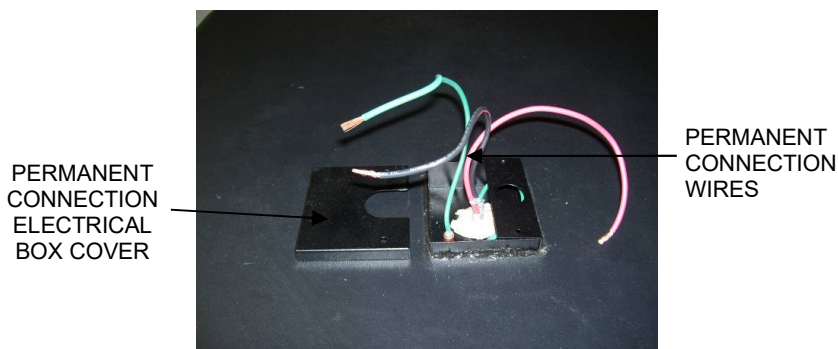


PERMANENT
CONNECTION
TERMINAL
BLOCK
OR WIRE

PERMANENT
CONNECTION
ELECTRICAL
BOX COVER

Optional Top Electrical Connection:

The electrical connection box is accessible on the top of the case for ceiling drop electrical connection. Remove electrical box cover to access electrical connection.



PERMANENT
CONNECTION
ELECTRICAL
BOX COVER

PERMANENT
CONNECTION
WIRES

Cord Connected (OPTION)

- A factory installed optional power cord is properly sized to the amperage requirements of the case. See the electrical data plate located on the rear exterior of the case for the proper circuit size for each case.
- The cord is factory installed protruding from the corner of the case.
- A separate circuit for each display case is required to prevent other appliances on the same circuit from overloading the circuit and causing malfunction.

5.3 Electrical data

	SELF CONTAINED 208-230V/1PH/60HZ (2 + GND)			Remote 208-230V/1PH/60HZ (2 + GND)		
	ECSS40SC	ECSS60SC	ECSS80SC	ECSS40R	ECSS60R	ECSS80R
	AMPS	AMPS	AMPS	AMPS	AMPS	AMPS
Compressor	11.3 (1)	11.3 (1)	15.5 (1)	---	---	---
Condenser Fan	0.7 (1)	0.7 (1)	0.7 (1)	---	---	---
Evaporator Fan Motor	.21 EA (4)	.21 EA (4)	.21 EA (6)	.21 EA (4)	.21 EA (4)	.21 EA (6)
Lights Power Supply 24V	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)
Condensate Pump	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)	0.8 (1)
Base Fan	---	---	---	0.25 (1)	0.25 (1)	0.25 (1)
Max Fuse Size	20	20	30	15	15	15

5.4 Removing case from shipping skid

	CAUTION Do not push against the clear acrylic deflector around the sides and nose. Doing so can cause the acrylic to break. Do not lift or push on the top canopy located on top of the case. Doing so can permanently damage the tower frame. Care must be taken not to damage or tip the case when removing it from the skid or moving the case.
---	---

Remove the screws and brackets that secure the case to the skid. Remove the brackets from the case.

Note that the case may have optional wheels installed and once the brackets holding the case to the skid are removed the case will roll.



5.5 Removing packaging material

Remove bubble wrap and packing material for all shelves and panel, brackets, etc. If it is necessary to remove tape residue from plastic materials, use cleaning compounds recommended in the cleaning section of this manual.

5.6 Leveling the case

The case must be level for proper drainage of defrost water to the condensate pump.

Check the level of the case where the display overhangs the base.

Adjust levelers as needed to **level** the case side to side.

A wrench is included to aid in adjusting leg levelers.

NOTE: Use a wood or plastic shim under each leg leveler to avoid scratching the tile floor.

5.7 Sealing the unit to floor

After the unit is positioned and the leg levelers are turned out, the unit needs to be sealed to the floor for NSF approved installation.

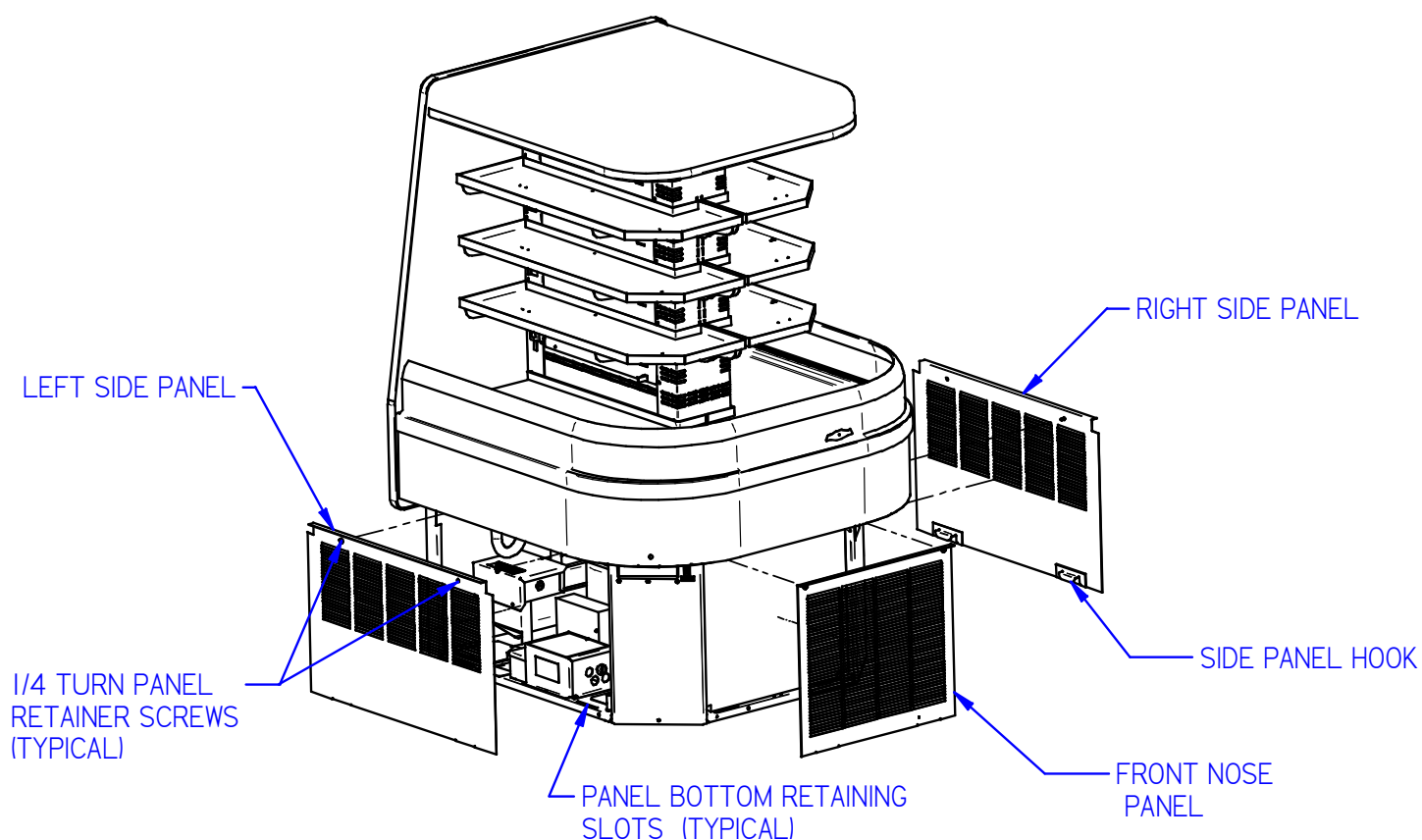
5.8 BASE PANEL REMOVAL



DANGER: Electric shock hazard. Do not operate unit with panels removed.

Panels must be in place when

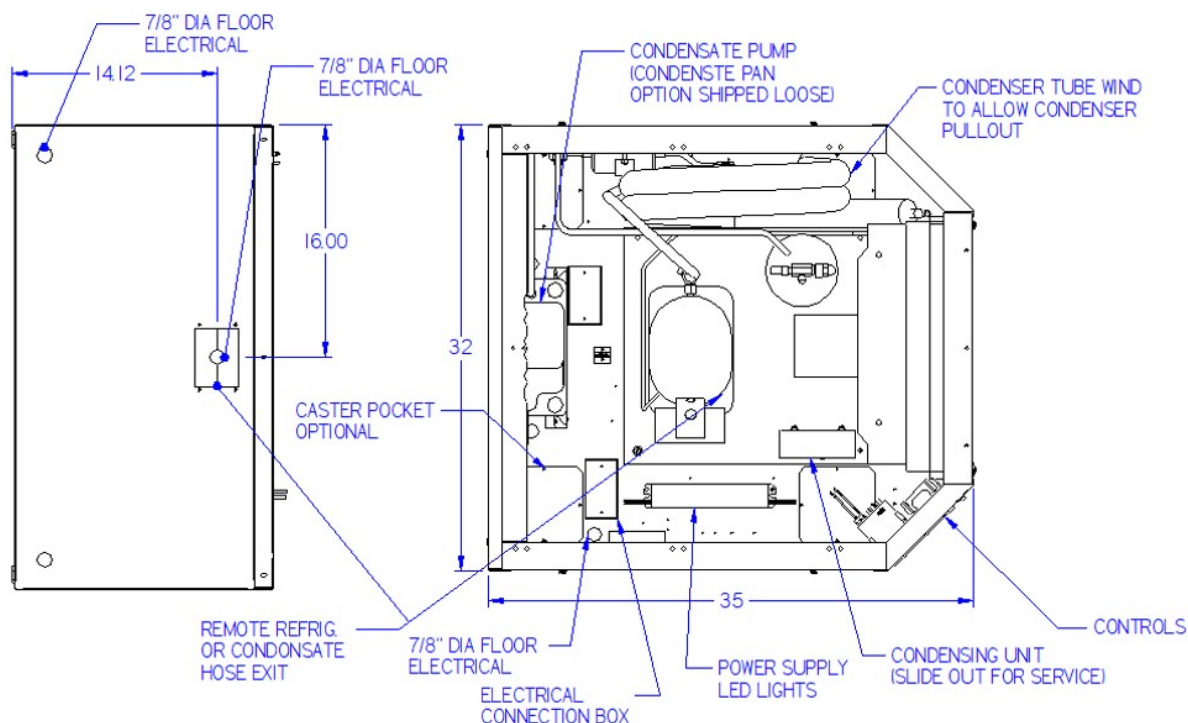
operating the case.



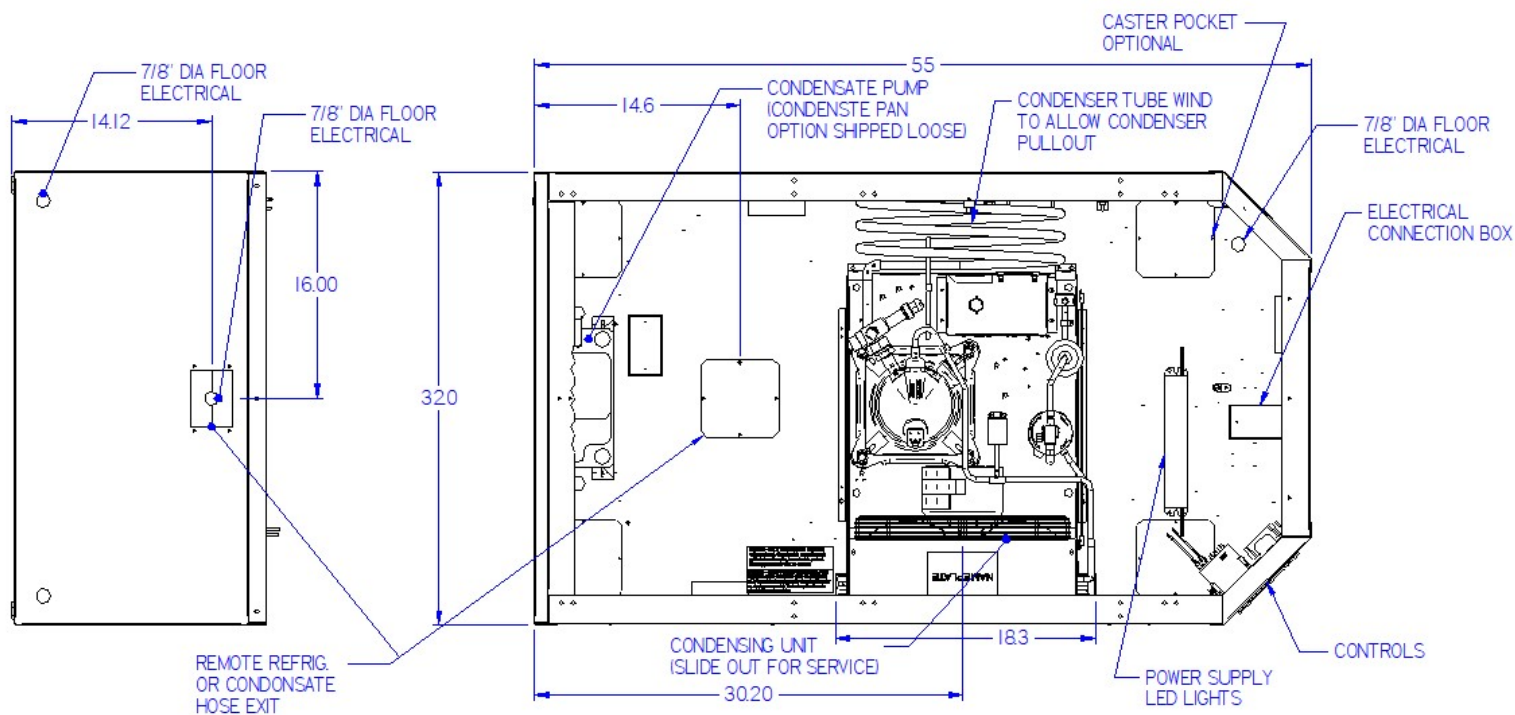
Typical Panels Removal

1. Loosen the (2) ¼ turn retainer screws from top of panel.
(The screws will stay on the panel even after they are detached from base)
2. Tilt the top of the panel away from the base and pull up on panel to allow the side panel hooks to pull out of the side panel slots.
3. Set the panel in safe place to prevent damage.
4. Reinstall panels in the reverse order.

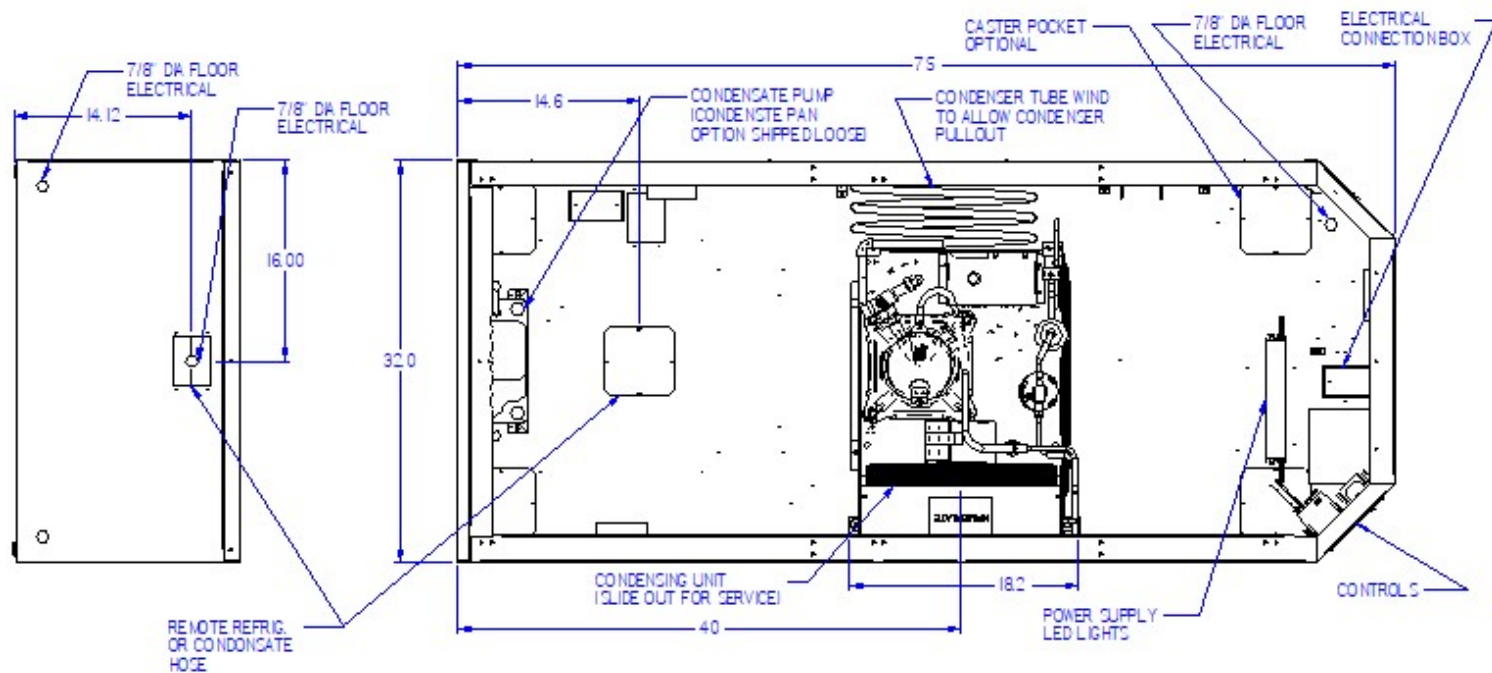
5.9 BASE COMPONENT LAYOUT ECSS40SC SELF CONTAINED



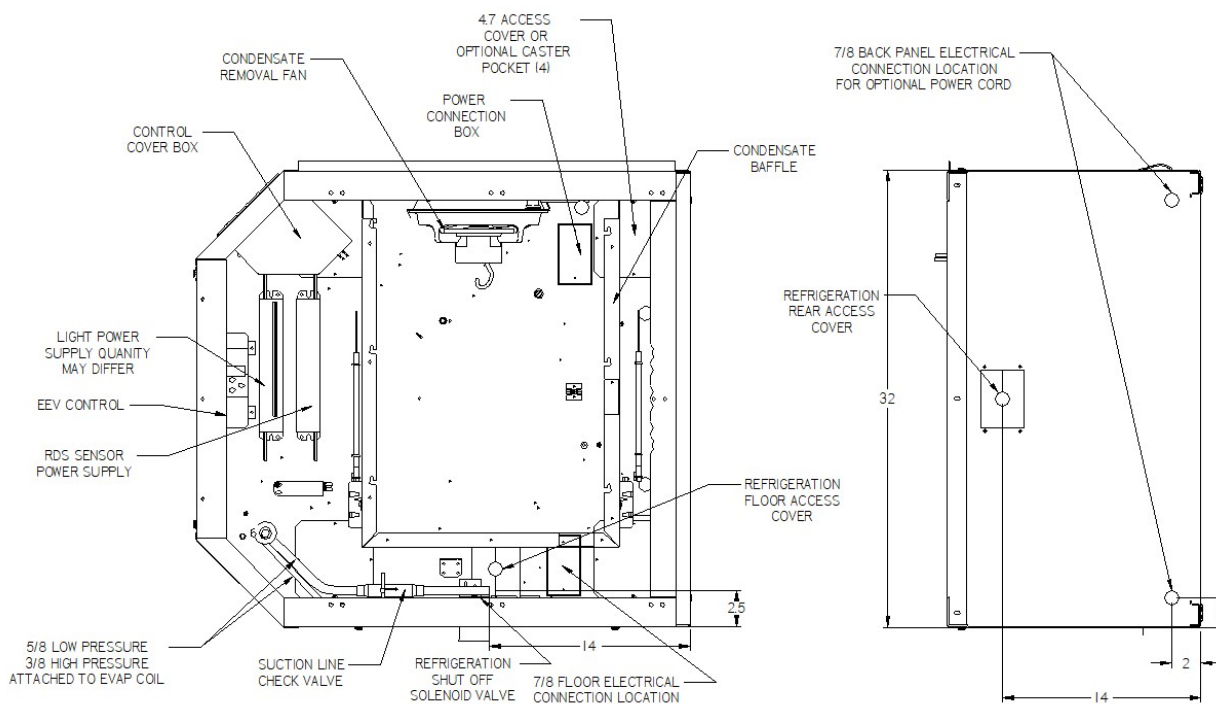
5.10 BASE COMPONENT LAYOUT ECSS60SC SELF CONTAINED



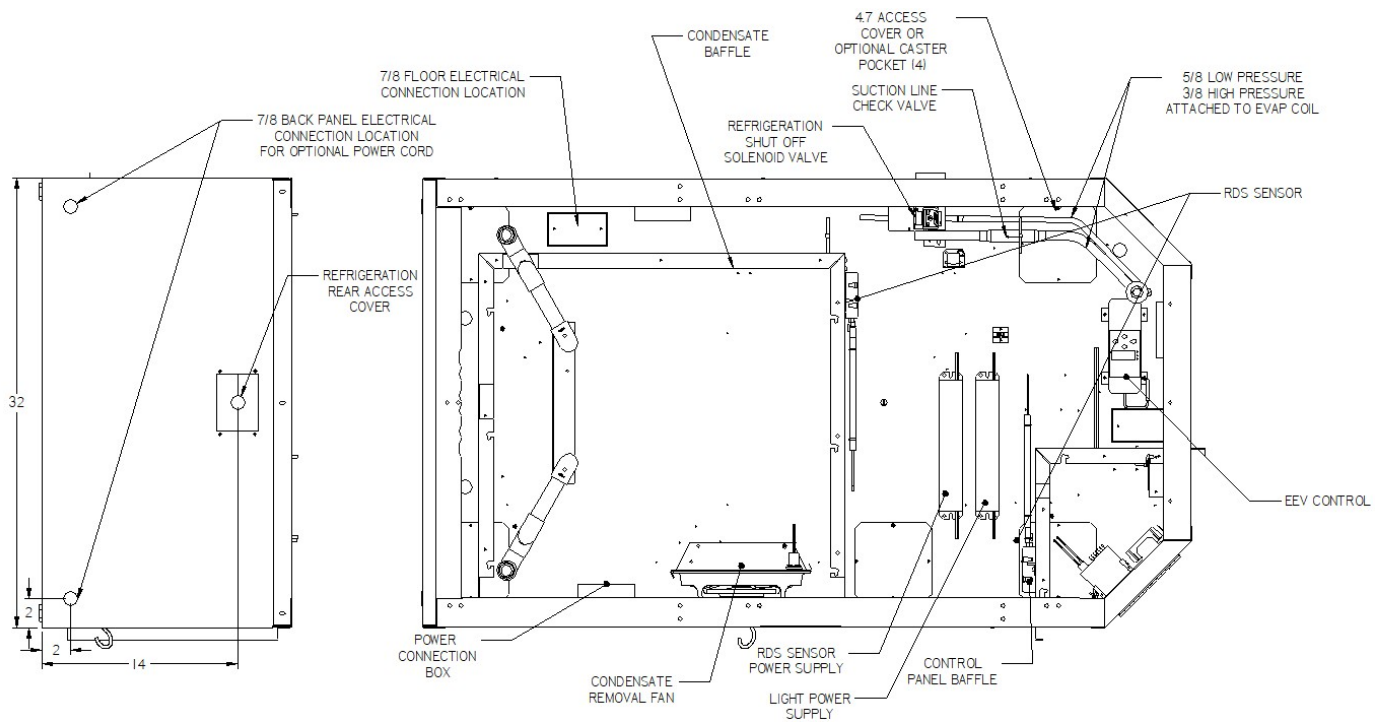
5.11 BASE COMPONENT LAYOUT ECSS80SC SELF CONTAINED



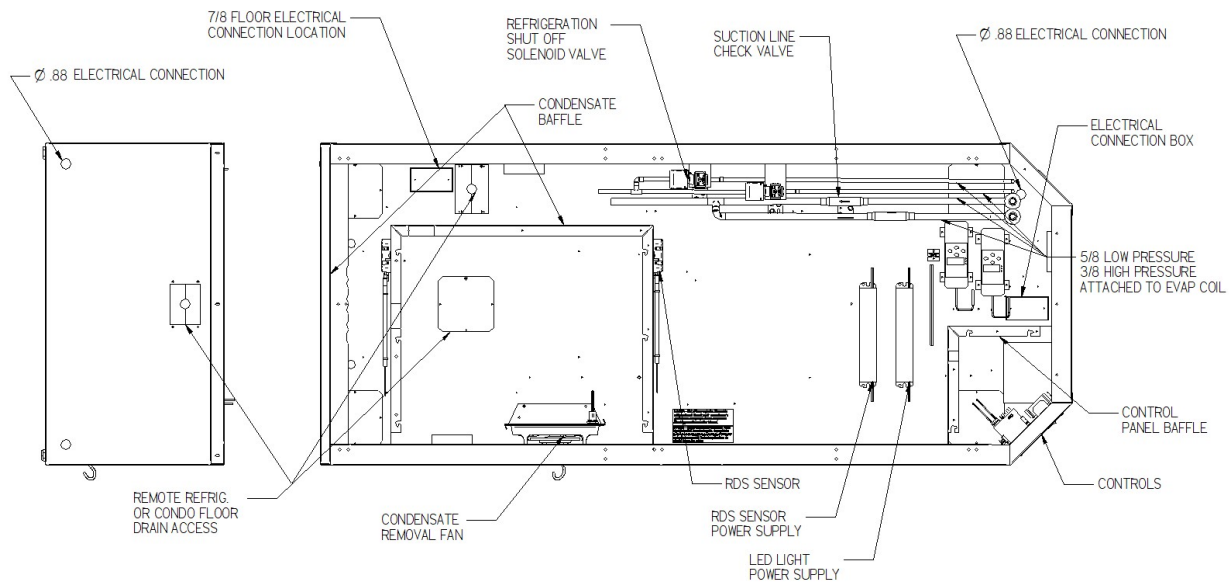
5.12 BASE COMPONENT LAYOUT ECSS40R REMOTE



5.13 BASE COMPONENT LAYOUT ECSS60R REMOTE



5.14 BASE COMPONENT LAYOUT ECSS80R REMOTE



(6) REFRIGERATED MODEL & COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS

6.1 CONDENSATE PUMP STANDARD

The pump is mounted in the base compartment and is designed to automatically remove the condensate water that collects from defrosting the evaporator coil. The pump has a built-in tank that collects water from the evaporator coil defrost cycle. When the pump tank is full the pump switches on and pumps water to a remote location for disposal. When the tank is empty the pump automatically switches off.

The pump is capable of lifting water to a maximum of 20'.

Condensate Discharge Hose.

The case is provided with a 25' of 3/8ID clear flexible tubing. Depending on options it is either coiled up on top of the case or in the base compartment.

Hose Coiled in Base

Disconnect Power: Access the hose located in base compartment by removing one of the base side panels. The hose can be routed to the nearest remote drain through one of the provided openings or holes. Do not run hose in heavy traffic areas and be sure hose does not get kinked or pinched.

Hose Coiled on Top

Hose coiled on top of the unit is designed to be run vertical to the ceiling before being routed to the nearest remote drain. The maximum vertical height the hose can run is 20' from floor. Once the hose turns to a horizontal direction the hose must have a downward slope to avoid low spots that water can collect. Be sure the hose does not get kinked or pinched.

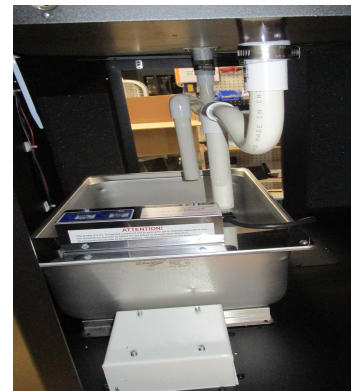
6.2 CONDENSATE EVAPORATOR PAN SHIPPED LOOSE (OPTION)

If the optional high output condensate pan was ordered it will be shipped loose in a separate box. This high output pan must be field mounted and wired by a licensed electrician.

If there is already a factory condensate pan and mounting brackets installed in the base compartment they must be removed before installing the optional high output pan.

Unwire the heater wires from the 2x 4 electrical box and cap remaining wire ends with UL approved wire nuts. **NOTE: THESE WIRES CAN NOT BE CONNECTED TO THE FIELD INSTALLED HIGH OUTPUT PAN.**

Mount the high output condensate pan inside the base compartment so that the (2) condensate drain tubes drain into the pan as shown in photo.



directly
to its
same
circuit
high

The field installed high output condensate pan must be wired own designated circuit breaker and **cannot** be wired into the circuit breaker that the display case uses. The display case and wiring are not sized to handle the extra amperage of the output condensate pan.

See label on condo pan for proper circuit sizing.

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Bottom Electrical (standard): There is cord and plug provided on the high output condensate pan. a licensed electrician must provide a designated receptacle to plug in the high output condensate pan. There are access holes in various locations in the base enclosure to run wires out of the case to electrical source.

Top Electrical (optional): There is also a top wiring condensate pan option that provides a top electrical box on the top side of the canopy. This allows wires to be run to the store ceiling. There are (2) sets of wires, “main case wiring” and “condensate pan wiring”. Each circuit is labeled and must run to separate circuits. The condensates pan wires run down through the case into a 2 x 4 electrical box in the base compartment. A licensed electrician will need to provide a designated receptacle to plug in the high output condensate pan.

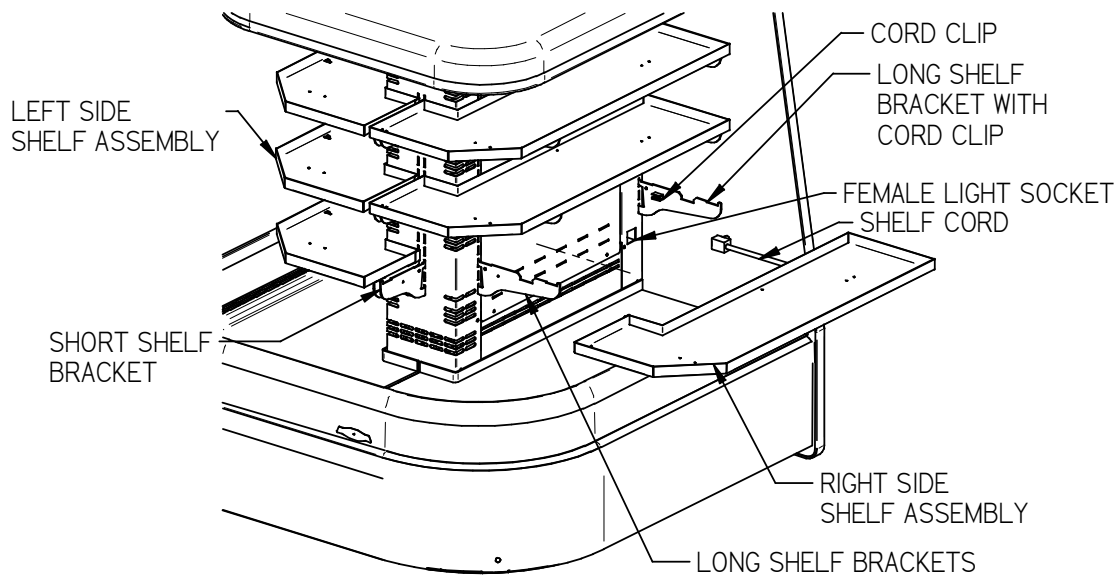
6.3 SHELVES

The ECSS has solid metal shelves with LED lighting as standard.

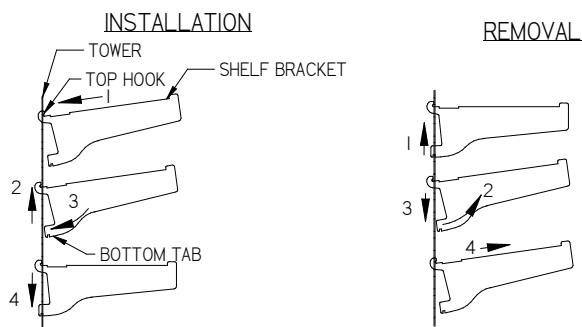
There are (3) brackets required for each shelf (2) long brackets and (1) short brackets. The long brackets are for the long side of case and the short brackets are at the short end of case. The long bracket with cord retainer clip must be used at the panel end back of case where the light cord plugs in.

The shelves are adjustable in ~ 1 1/16” increments.

Allow a minimum of 2” between the top of product and bottom of shelf.



1. Turn the light switch to the off position.
2. Follow the instruction in the illustration below and insert (1) of the (3) shelf brackets in the desired tower slot on one side of the case. Place the additional shelf brackets in the same height level on the opposite end of case. The short brackets must go on the short end and (2) long brackets must go on the long end. The long bracket with a shelf light cord retainer clip must be on the back side next to the shelf light receptacle.



1. Place shelf bracket top hook into desired slot in the tower.
2. Lift shelf bracket top hook to allow shelf bracket bottom tab to clear slot in tower.
3. Swing shelf bracket bottom tab into tower slot.
4. Place the shelf bracket notch onto bottom of tower slot.

1. Lift shelf bracket up to allow shelf bracket notch to clear the bottom of slot in tower.
2. Swing shelf bracket bottom tab out of slot in tower.
3. Drop shelf bracket down to allow shelf bracket top hook to clear the slot in tower.
4. Remove shelf bracket top from slot in tower.

3. Set the shelf on to the brackets and place the bracket retainer tip into slots on shelf.
4. Push shelf light cords into plastic shelf cord retainer clip located on inside of shelf bracket.
5. The shelf light cords are attached to the tower and there is no longer a female connector in the tower. Once the shelf is in the desired location the shelf light cord can be plugged into the LED light. The shelf light cord is adjustable, the cord can be pushed into or pulled out of the tower to get desired length.
6. Place extra cord into cord clip as shown to keep it out of the way.



7. Removal of shelving is performed by following steps in reverse order.

6.4 REMOTE UNITS

There are special requirements for A2L refrigerants such as R454C

Piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as ANSI/ASHRAE 15, IAPMO Uniform Mechanical Code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA B52. All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed. The installation of pipe work shall be kept to a minimum.

Federal remote units are charged with dry nitrogen only. Joints made in the installation where any part is precharged shall be made in accordance with the following:

- a) A brazed, welded or mechanical connection shall be made before opening the valves to permit refrigerant to flow between the refrigerating system parts. A vacuum valve shall be provided to evacuate the interconnecting pipe and/or any uncharged refrigerating system part.

- b) Mechanical connectors used indoors shall comply with ISO14903 or UL 207 or CSA C22.2 No.140.3. When mechanical connectors are reused indoors, sealing parts shall be renewed. When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be refabricated.
- c) Refrigerant tubing shall be protected or enclosed to avoid damage. Flexible refrigerant connectors (such as connecting lines between the indoor and outdoor unit) that might be displaced during normal operation shall be protected against mechanical damage.

Mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.

Provisions shall be made for expansion and contraction of long runs of pipes. Protection devices, piping, and fittings shall be protected as far as possible against adverse environmental effects, for example, the danger of water collecting and freezing in relief pipes or the accumulation of dirt and debris.

Piping in refrigeration systems shall be designed and installed to minimize the likelihood of hydraulic shock damaging the system

Do not use steel refrigeration lines with Federal products.

Flexible pipe elements shall be protected against mechanical damage, excessive stress by torsion, or other forces, and that they should be checked for mechanical damage annually.

Precautions shall be taken to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation. Use vibration dampening tubing clamps as necessary, especially near sources of vibration.

This unit requires a minimum room area size to operate in. See table below for minimum room areas.

Model	A _{min} [sq meters]	A _{um} [sq ft]
ECSS40	14	150
ECSS60	19	200
ECSS80	19	200

After completion of field piping for split systems, the field pipework shall be pressure tested with dry nitrogen and then vacuum tested prior to refrigerant charging according to the following requirements:

1) The minimum test pressure for the low side of the system shall be the low side design pressure and the minimum test pressure for the high side of the system shall be the high side design pressure, unless the high side of the system cannot be isolated from the low side of the system in which case the entire system shall be pressure tested to the low side design pressure. See the unit data plate for applicable pressures.

2) The test pressure after removal of pressure source shall be maintained for at least 1 h with no decrease of pressure indicated by the test gauge, with test gauge resolution not exceeding 5 % of the test pressure.

3) During the evacuation test, after achieving a vacuum level of 250 microns or less, the refrigeration system shall be isolated from the vacuum pump, and the pressure shall not rise above 500 microns within 10 min. The vacuum pressure level shall be the lessor of 500 microns or the value required for compliance with national and local codes and standards, which may vary between residential, commercial, and industrial buildings.

Always follow local codes during installation.

Be sure that any refrigeration line running through an occupied space is protected against damage by using line set covers, sleeving, etc. As little line set as possible should be run through an occupied space. Run refrigeration line sets through building floors, ceilings, walls, or mechanical rooms as much as possible. Be sure to follow all local codes.

The maximum releasable charge may be required to comply with local codes. This must be calculated for the complete system as follows:

$M_{r,e1}$ = Maximum Releasable Charge

$M_{r,e1}$ of Federal Product + $M_{r,e1}$ of condensing unit + $M_{r,e1}$ of line set

The table below shows various maximum releasable charge values for line sets.

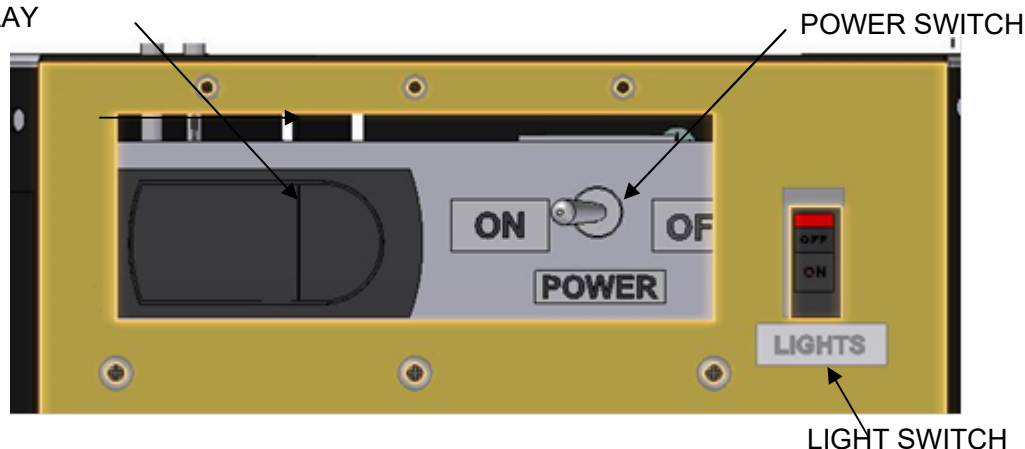
		Liquid Line Maximum Releasable Line Charge By Length							
		1/4" (6.35mm)		3/8" (9.53)		1/2" (12.7mm)		3/4" (19.1mm)	
Line Length [ft]	Line Length [m]	lbs	kg	lbs	kg	lbs	kg	lbs	kg
10	3.0	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.4	1.1	0.5	1.6	0.7
50	15.2	1.1	0.5	2.1	1.0	3.5	1.6	5.1	2.3
100	30.5	1.8	0.8	3.8	1.7	6.5	3.0	9.2	4.2
250	76.2	3.8	1.7	8.8	4.0	15.6	7.1	22.3	10.1

		Suction Line Maximum Releasable Line Charge By Length							
		1/2" (12.7mm)		5/8" (15.9mm)		3/4" (19.1mm)		7/8" (22.2)	
Line Length [ft]	Line Length [m]	lbs	kg	lbs	kg	lbs	kg	lbs	kg
10	3.0	1.0	0.4	1.3	0.6	1.7	0.8	2.2	1.0
50	15.2	3.1	1.4	4.8	2.2	6.8	3.1	9.2	4.2
100	30.5	5.8	2.6	9.2	4.2	13.2	6.0	17.9	8.1
250	76.2	13.9	6.3	22.3	10.1	32.4	14.7	44.1	20.1

(7) OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

User Controls

ELECTRONIC
CONTROL / DISPLAY



Power Switch

The unit has a power switch that turns off power to the entire unit. This switch is located behind a lift-up panel on the unit base. **Does Not Include** the condensate evaporator and base fan. These need to be switched off at the breaker.

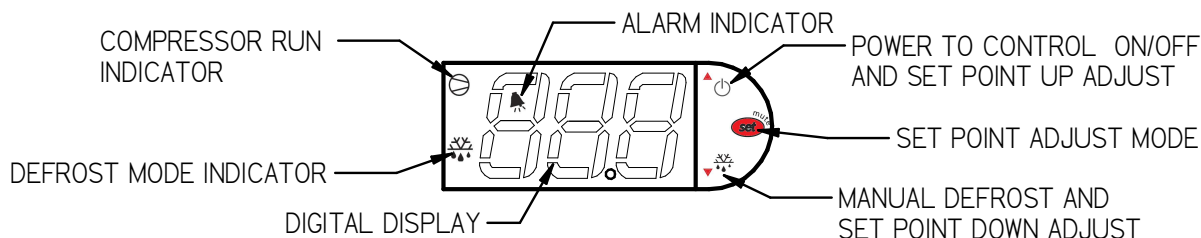
Light Switch

The unit has a light switch that turns on and off the interior lights of unit. This switch is located below the lift up panel on the unit base.

Electronic Control

This control is located behind a lift-up panel on the unit base.

7.1 USING ELECTRONIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL (REFRIGERATED MODELS ONLY)



BUTTON OVERVIEW

	<i>Press and hold this button for 3 seconds to turn system on (if off) or off (if on). Also used to adjust set point when in set point adjust mode.</i>
	<i>Press to enter set point adjust mode, confirm set point changes, and mute alarms.</i>
	<i>Press and hold this button for 3 seconds to initiate a manual defrost (and cancel defrost if initiated), also adjusts set point down when in set point adjust mode.</i>

7.2 REFRIGERANT DETECTION AND MITIGATION SYSTEM

The refrigerant detection system (RDS) shuts down the operation of the refrigerator when a leak is detected. The system is comprised of 2 or more sensors, a low voltage power supply, 1-2 safety shutoff solenoid valves, and 1-2 refrigerant check valves.

When a leak is detected by one of the sensors, the internal sensor relay opens to shut off the safety solenoid valve(s). The refrigeration check valve prevents any back flow from the rest of the external system from entering the unit that would further contribute to a leak.

The sensor is equipped with an LED status light, indicating the Refrigerant Detection System's status, as shown below:



Please note that once a leak is detected and the flow of refrigerant is stopped, the display case will stop cooling, and any temperature sensitive products must be removed from the unit.

This display case's fans are a part of the leak mitigation system and are required to remain powered on as long as there is power to the display case. In the event of a refrigerant leak, the unit's fans are required to run to reduce the concentration of flammable refrigerant in and around the unit. When replacing gas detection sensors, only replace with the original model of sensor provided by Federal.

To replace a faulty sensor, simply remove unplug the electrical quick connection and unscrew the sensor fasteners and attach the new sensor to the original sensor location in the original orientation.

After replacing installing the new sensor, power on the display case. After a few seconds, the sensor light will begin to blink green. See illustration above. The refrigeration system will be allowed to run as normal.

The sensor is capable of a long life and will monitor its condition to ensure functionality. If the sensor's self-monitoring system detects an issue it will go into a fault state and shut off the flow of refrigerant to the appliance. See above illustration for fault indication on LED.

The gas inlet exposes the sensing element of the sensor to surrounding gases. The opening in the sensor housing exposes the humidity and temperature sensors inside the sensor to the environment and makes them susceptible to pollutants such as volatile chemicals, acids, bases, cleaning and foaming agents. Exposure to those pollutants should be avoided. Cleaning products

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might damage the sensor or temporarily block its gas inlet, inhibiting or delaying the response to the refrigerant.

The use of solvent emitting materials near the sensor, such as PVC cement glues, may lead to nuisance trips. Solvent emitting materials can lead to high concentrations of volatile gas in the nearby environment. The gas sensor may sense these concentrations, and trigger a system mitigate response. Please note that the safety shut-off valve system is installed at the factory. No safety shut-off valves are required to be installed in the field on new equipment.

7.3 POWERING ON CONTROL

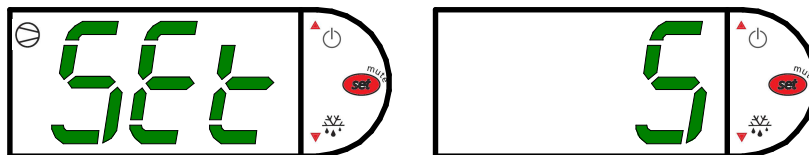
To turn refrigeration control power on, press and hold  for approx. five seconds. The display will read “On” while the button is depressed. When the control powers on, the display will read the current set point numbers 1 thru 9. The compressor run indicator  will illuminate on the display, meaning that the compressor is running. (Note: the control may already be in the on mode when shipped from factory).

To turn refrigeration control power to off, press and hold  for approx. five seconds. The display will read “Off” while the button is depressed. When the control powers off the display will flash back and forth between the current set point and “Off”. The compressor run indicator  will be off on the display. When refrigeration control is in the off-mode cabinet lights and evaporator fans will still operate, but the compressor will not turn on causing the case to gradually reach room temperature.



7.4 ADJUSTING THE SET POINT

The set point is what determines how cold the display case will hold food and beverage. To adjust the set point press and hold the  button approx. 5 seconds until the display begins to flash a number. Then press the  button to scroll number up (colder) or press the  button to scroll number lower (warmer). There are nine (9) available set point numbers, the higher the number of the set point, the colder the display case will run, with setting “9” being the coldest and setting “1” being the warmest. Once you have chosen your desired setting press the  button again to confirm your choice.



7.5 ENTERING MANUAL DEFROST MODE

To initiate a manual defrost press and hold the  button approx. 5 seconds. The control will read “dEF” while the button is being held. The defrost is initiated when the defrost mode indicator  illuminates on the display. The control display will then return to reading the set

point. when the defrost mode indicator ☄ turns off the defrost is complete and the compressor will turn back on illuminating the compressor run indicator Ⓢ .



7.6 ERROR CODES

It is possible for error codes to be displayed on the control screen. In the event of a malfunction an alarm will sound and the alarm indicator 🔔 will be displayed on the display. An error code or codes will flash intermittently on the display. If there are multiple codes, the display will continuously cycle through them. The following photo shows error code “E0” as an example.



Mute: You may mute the alarm by pressing and releasing the wrench button. The red ringing bell and all error codes will still be displayed. When the fault is remedied the control will return to normal operation and will automatically clear the codes from the display.

Carel Control

EO = Air sensing probe - Open or shorted

E1 = Evap. coil probe - Open or shorted

Code	Description	Cause	Resolution
E0	Temperature probe error	Probe signal is interrupted or short-circuited	Check to ensure probe wires and quick disconnect are secure in control. Check probe resistance to table below. If 0 resistance is present check wiring insulation. If infinite resistance is present check for breaks in wiring (meter will likely read overload or very high in the mega-ohm range). Ensure that probes are wired per the wiring diagram provided. Replace probe if other remedies fail, or if probe resistance deviates from “Table 3” below
E1	Defrost probe error	See E0	
EE	Unit parameter reading error	Operating conditions	Remedy abnormal operating conditions. The control is rated to operate in a range of 14 to 122°F (-10 to 50°C) and less than 90%RH non-condensing. Replace control if problem persists.
EF	Operating parameter reading error	See EE	

Electronic Control

This unit is equipped with an electronic temperature control. The control parameters are set at the factory and cannot be manually changed in the field. Control parameter changes can only be made by downloading a new set of parameters via a program chip supplied by Federal Industries.

7.7 **OPERATION**

The control uses two sensors, one located in the air stream and one located on the evaporator coil. The sensor located in the air stream is referred to as the temperature control sensor. The sensor located on the evaporator coil is referred to as the coil sensor.

The temperature control sensor is located inside the center tower at the top. The sensor location is critical for proper operation on the unit. Do not move or relocate this sensor.

The coil sensor is strapped to the evaporator coil. This sensor location is critical for proper operation of the unit. Do not move or relocate this sensor.

The temperature control is set to cut in at 39 degrees F. The Temp control cuts out at 14 degrees F at the coldest setting “9” and 28 degrees F at the warmest setting, ‘1’ on the control display.

The temp control turns off the refrigeration system when you “press and hold” the top arrow / power button for approx. 3 seconds until “OFF” flashes on display.

7.8 **DEFROST CYCLE**

The CAREL control is programmed to initiate defrost via two different methods. There are 3 programmed defrost cycles in the case which will initiate a defrost cycle every 8 hours. The unit does not have a time clock so the defrost cycles cannot be set for any specific time of day.

The unit also has an ‘On demand’ defrost feature that will initiate a defrost when the temperature differential between the evaporator temperature and the air temperature is more than 15 degrees for 5 minutes after 30 minutes into the refrigeration cycle.

Do not use other means to accelerate the defrosting cycle process other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

7.9 **MAXIMUM RUN TIMER**

The unit is equipped with a maximum run timer that is preset at the factory. If the temperature control does not reach cut out set point after running for one hour, the timer will turn the compressor off for a minimum of 2 minutes.

\\Table 1 - Temperature Probe Common Resistance Chart

Probe Temp	Maximum Resistance [Ω]	Normal Resistance [Ω]	Minimum Resistance [Ω]
32°F (0°C)	27.83	27.28	26.74
77°F (25°C)	10.1	10	9.9
212°F (100°C)	1	0.97	0.94

(8) REFRIGERATION OPERATION

8.1 SELF-CONTAINED MODELS

Refrigeration R454c Charge ECSS40	2.8 Pounds
Refrigeration R454c Charge ECSS60	4.5 Pounds
Refrigeration R454c Charge ECSS80	4.5 Pounds

The self-contained models are shipped from the factory with a completely operational R454c refrigeration system and require no modifications or adjustments upon installation. Case must be installed as per the installation section of this manual to provide proper condensing air cooling.

Dual Pressure Control (Self-Contained Models Only)

The dual pressure control is used as a safety device and is factory set. The pressure control works on a differential. The low-pressure side is a safety to protect the compressor in the case of refrigerant loss. The high-pressure side is a safety to protect from system failure causing too high of system pressure..

The high side of the pressure control is factory set to 400psi and is not adjustable. Low side setting for the R454c cases are set at 40psi differential for the cutout and 60psi for the cut-in.

Self-Contained Refrigeration Operation

The unit temperature is controlled by the Electronic control outlined in the control section of this manual.

Note: The condenser fan runs continuously.

8.2 REMOTE MODEL BTU REQUIREMENTS

ECSS40R – 10,000 BTU'S @20F EVAP / 90F Ambient

ECSS60R – 14,000 BTU'S @20F EVAP / 90F Ambient

ECSS80R – 17,000 BTU'S @20F EVAP / 90F Ambient

Pressure Control Settings

- Use pressure gauges to set pressure control.

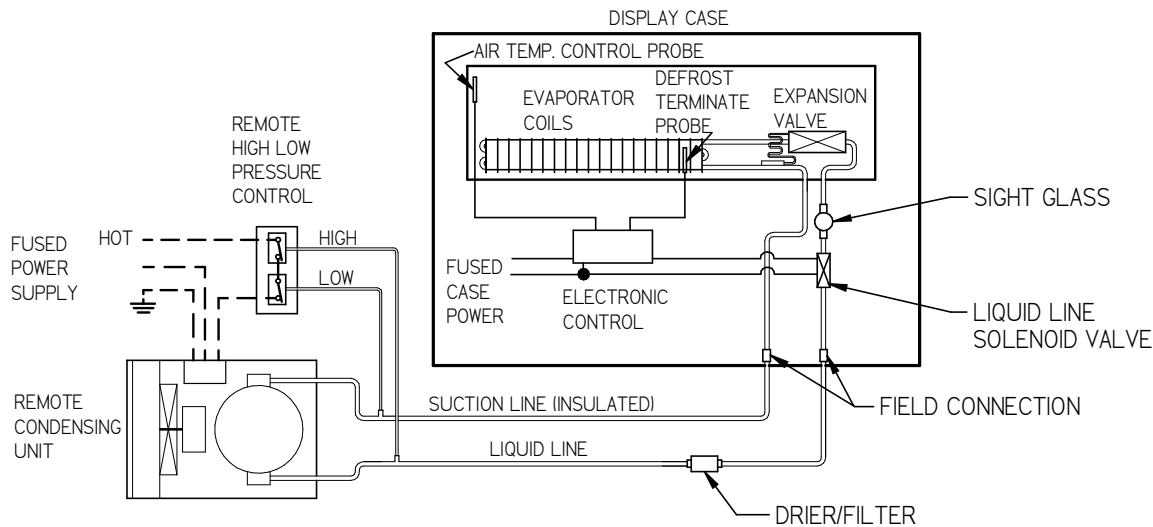
Refrigeration R449A Charge	CHARGED IN FIELD
Remote Low Press. Switch Cut In	60 psi
Remote Low Press. Switch Cut Out	15 psi
Adjustable Head Master	200 psi
Remote High Press. Switch Cut Out	400 psi

The remote models are designed to use R449A refrigerant and shipped from the factory with the evaporator coil, expansion valve, sight glass and refrigerant solenoid valve. Drier filter must be installed in field for proper operation. Electronic control runs identical to the Self-Contained models except the electronic control opens and closes a refrigeration solenoid valve located on the suction line instead of turning on and off a compressor. The solenoid valve closes and shuts off the refrigeration flow to the unit and initiates a pump down cycle. This will allow the remote low-pressure switch to open and shut off remote compressor.

The condensing unit and pressure controls are optionally supplied from the factory for remote location installation. The condensing unit must be mounted and wired by the installer. The high low-pressure switch must be wired in series with the compressor power supply as shown in diagram below.

8.3 REMOTE CONDENSING UNIT INSTALLATION

1. Mount condensing unit as close as possible to the remote display case as practical. Follow condensing unit manufacturer guidelines for proper piping and distance requirements.
2. All refrigeration and/or electrical materials between the condensing unit and display case are to be supplied by installing contractor.
3. Route properly sized and designed refrigeration lines from the condensing unit to the cabinet.
4. Horizontal suction lines should be pitched downward towards the condensing unit at least ½" per 10' run to aid the oil drainage. A "P" trap must be installed in the suction line at the foot of every riser to insure oil return. Dry nitrogen must be used to flow through tubing while brazing refrigeration lines.
5. Suction line must be insulated the entire length with Armaflex (or equivalent). Do not run liquid line inside insulation with suction line.
6. The remote high/low-pressure control must be mounted, wired and set pressures by the installer.
7. Leak check condensing unit, cabinet, and all connecting tubing. Cabinet and condensing unit tubing should be checked to insure no leaks occurred during shipping or from rough handling.
8. Make certain all refrigeration valves are opened and evacuate system to 500 microns. Charge the system with refrigerant type specified on the data plates.



8.4 ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE (EEV)

A traditional TXV uses springs and a temperature bulb to open and close a valve port that controls the flow of refrigerant entering the evaporator coil. An electronic expansion valve (EEV) controls the refrigerant flow much more precisely, increasing the performance and efficiency of the refrigeration system. The EEV controls the flow of Refrigerant by opening and closing the valve port based on the response to signals sent to the EEV by an electronic controller. The electronic Control bases these signals by processing information provided from a temperature sensor and pressure transducer located on the discharge side of the evaporator coil.

These sensors monitor the evaporator superheat and protects the compressor from any liquid flood back under low superheat conditions.

8.5 EEV CONTROLLER SETTINGS

The electronic expansion valve controller also allows the use of different types of refrigerants without the need to change the expansion valve.

The controller is set from the factory to run on 454C refrigerant (code 45C) and will not need to be changed unless another refrigerant is used. NOTE: On units with older model EEV's, the EEV is set to code 40C

Note: Check your State and Local regulations for approved refrigerants for your install location. Federal Industries is not liable for any alternate refrigerants used.

The control is located on the left side of the case.

Note: Never change any of the other setting other than the refrigerant type. It may also be necessary to change the superheat setting only when using a different refrigerant.



Indicator lights	
	Red light - critical alarm (system is NOT running)
	Yellow light - non-critical alarm (system running)
	Green light - compressor on
	Green blinking - compressor waiting on timer to start/stop

Changing Refrigerant

- Access the set point mode by pressing and holding the **ENTER** button until Ctl displays on the screen.
- Use the up or down arrows to advance through the available set points until rFG displays on the screen and press the **ENTER** button.
- Use the up or down arrows until the desired refrigeration displays on the screen and press and hold the **ENTER** button until rFG once again displays on the screen.
- Press the **BACK** to return to escape the settings menu.

Changing Superheat

- Access the set point mode by pressing and holding the **ENTER** button until Ctl displays on the screen.
- Use the up or down arrows to advance through the available set points until SSP displays on the screen and press the **ENTER** button.
- Use the up or down arrows to set the desired superheat displays on the screen and press and hold the **ENTER** button until SSP once again displays on the screen.
- Press the **BACK** to return to escape the settings menu.

8.6 INITIAL START-UP

After all the checks outlined in the installation section of this manual have been made, the case is ready to be put into service. Turn on the Power at the breaker box and flip the Power Switch and Light Switch on unit to the on position. At start up from a warm unit, it is recommended that the temperature control is set at a warm setting, such as After the unit has gone through several cycles, change the control to a mid-range setting, then to a colder setting if necessary to maintain desired



NOTICE

This refrigerated display case is designed to operate in a maximum environment of 80°F and 55% relative humidity. Exceeding these limits will cause poor case performance and overflow of condensate evaporator pan.

Placing Product into Case

- Do not exceed 150 pounds of weight per shelf. Heavy products should be distributed evenly across the entire shelving area.
- Determine desired shelving location before placing product in case. Product must be removed to readjust shelf location.

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- Do not overhang the front or rear of the shelves with product. Improper clearance in front and rear of the shelf will block the refrigerated airflow and will cause product loss.
- Do not block the slots along the front and rear air discharge slots. Covering these slots will block the refrigerated airflow and could cause product loss. Allow refrigerated models to run for at least two hours before placing pre-chilled (38°F or less) product into the case.
- Allow a minimum of 0.5 in between the top of product and bottom of next shelf up to allow proper air flow around product. Also allow a minimum of 1 in between top of product and ceiling.
- Allow 1 in of space between product and end glass.
- Product on the rear of shelves and deck should allow for 1 inch of rear clearance to the interior back panel.



NOTICE

CASE MUST BE STOCKED WITH PRE-CHILLED PRODUCT 38° OR COLDER.

(9) CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

9.1 ACRYLIC AIR DEFLECTOR CLEANING



NOTICE: Clear acrylic air deflector requires special washing procedures to prevent hazing and yellowing of material.

NEVER USE paper towels (wet or dry) for cleaning or drying and never use a dry towel.

NEVER USE glass cleaner of any kind.

Lightly dust (not wipe) surface with a damp Micro Fiber towel or chamois. The surface can then be washed using a small amount of dishwashing detergent such as Dawn or Joy and lukewarm water. Use a Micro Fiber towel or chamois, applying only light pressure. The cloth or chamois must be kept free of grit by frequently rinsing. Rinse surface with clear water and dry by blotting with a damp Micro Fiber towel or chamois.

9.2 DAILY CLEANING

The case should be cleaned thoroughly, as described in the weekly cleaning section, before it is used for the first time



NOTICE

Avoid splashing or soaking any electrical components with water to prevent electrical damage to the case.

Shut off lights and power switches, unplug power cord and/or disconnect at the breaker. Remove all product from case. Allow sufficient time for the unit to reach room temperature before proceeding with cleaning.

Remove all product from case before proceeding with cleaning procedure.

Acrylic front air deflector, plastic inner doors, and lift up doors require special washing procedures to prevent hazing and yellowing of material.

This case is not designed to be cleaned by flushing.

Note: For major spills or foreign material buildup use complete weekly cleaning instructions.

Note: Detergents are not recommended and do not use abrasive cleaners or pads to prevent scratching of surfaces.

- Dip rag in warm soapy water and ring out thoroughly. Wipe complete interior of case and dry with soft dry towel.
- The remaining exterior surface should be wiped down using any ammoniated cleaners or soapy warm water and dried with soft dry towel.

IMPORTANT: Cleaning the clear acrylic plastic front air deflector. Clean as described in “Acrylic Air Deflector Cleaning” section of this manual.

ECSS E3335-20

9.3 WEEKLY CLEANING



NOTICE

Avoid splashing or soaking any electrical components with water to prevent electrical damage to the case.

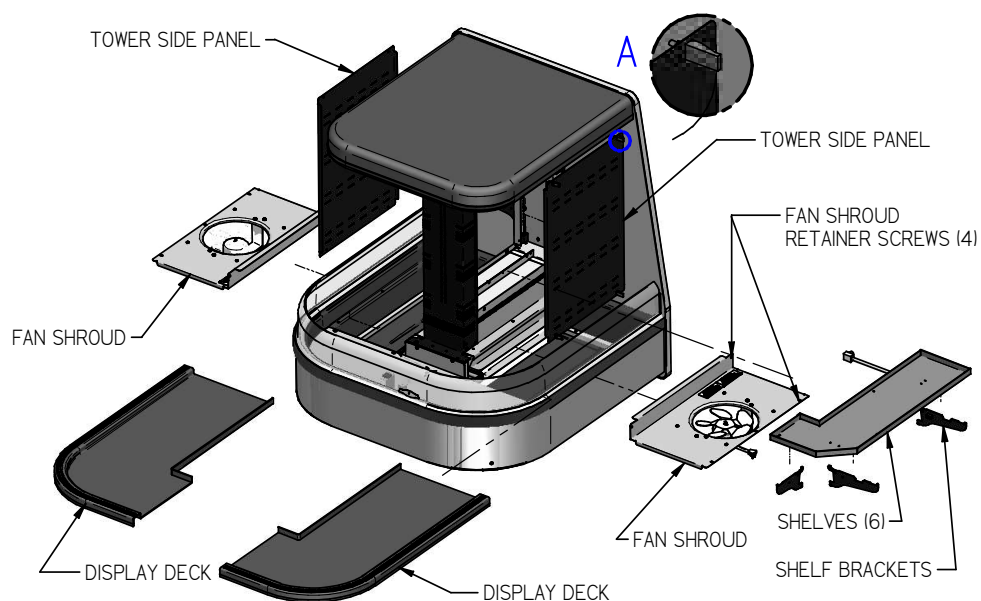
Shut off lights and power switches, unplug power cord and/or disconnect at the breaker. Remove all product from case. Allow sufficient time for the unit to reach room temperature before proceeding with cleaning.

Remove all product from case before proceeding with cleaning procedure.

Acrylic front air deflector, plastic inner doors, and lift up doors require special washing procedures to prevent hazing and yellowing of material.

This case is not designed to be cleaned by flushing.

Note: Detergents are not recommended and do not use abrasive cleaners or pads to prevent scratching of surfaces.



Remove interior shelving from unit as described in the “Shelving Installation and Removal” section of this manual.

1. Dip rag in warm soapy water and ring out thoroughly. Clean all shelves and shelf brackets and dry with soft dry towel.
2. Remove tower side panels by lifting (4) latch levers and pulling tower side panel out away from tower.
3. Dip rag in warm soapy water and ring out thoroughly. Clean the tower side panels and inside both tower ends. Dry with soft dry towel
4. Lift the display decks up and out of evaporator tub.

5. Remove the fan shroud assembly by removing (2) retaining screws from the outer flange and the (2) from the inner flange. Lift the fan shroud assembly and reach in and unplug the evaporator fan motor cord. Lift fan shroud assembly out of tub.
6. Clean the display deck(s) using warm soapy water and a brush. Rinse thoroughly and allow dry. Wipe off fan shroud assembly (do not rinse or submerge fan motors).
7. Clean the entire interior of the case using warm soapy water. Wipe off all soapy water with a damp cloth and allow to dry. (DO NOT use solvents such as Acetone, Benzene, Carbon Tetrachloride, and Lacquer Thinners)
- 8. IMPORTANT: Cleaning the clear acrylic plastic front air deflector. Clean as described in “Acrylic Air Deflector Cleaning” section of this manual.**
9. Reassemble all components in reverse order.

NOTE: Depending on the amount of usage and spillage of foreign material, some fasteners may have to be removed and parts disassembled to allow proper cleaning of the unit.

(10) MAINTENANCE



Important: Read Section REFRIGERATION WARNING INSTALLATION-REPAIR-DECOMMISSIONING” of this manual starting on page 7.

All refrigeration and electrical work shall be performed by certified technicians.

10.1 CLEANING CONDENSER COIL (ALL SELF-CONTAINED REFRIGERATED MODELS)



NOTICE

Condenser coil must be cleaned a minimum of twice per month to ensure proper refrigeration performance and prevent compressor failure. In some environments, it may be necessary to clean more frequently. **FAILURE TO CLEAN CONDENSER COIL WILL VOID COMPRESSOR WARRANTY.**

It is very important that the Condenser coil or optional air filter is cleaned twice per month to insure proper refrigeration performance and to prevent compressor failure. In some environments, it may be necessary to clean more frequently. Failure to clean condenser coil will void condenser warranty. This procedure is for Self-Contained models. The remote condenser coil must also be cleaned at same intervals.

1. Disconnect power to the unit at the breaker.
2. On ECSS40 Remove the nose panel and on ECSS60 remove the side panel on left side of case next to the controls.
3. Carefully vacuum the front surface of condenser coil. Take care not to bend coil fins with vacuum cleaner nozzle.
 - a. If equipped with optional air filter remove filter and carefully vacuum the front surface of condenser coil. Take care not to bend coil fins with vacuum cleaner nozzle. Wash filter using warm soapy water, rinse, and let dry. Apply a generous coat of filter coat adhesive to both sides of filter. (Filter coat adhesive is available through any restaurant supply distributor.) Recommended Super Filter Coat

NOTE: Failure to coat filter with a fresh coat of filter adhesive after cleaning will prevent filter from working properly. Failure to do so will allow the condenser coil to plug, which will affect refrigeration performance and could cause compressor failure.

4. Reinstall side panel(s).

VACUUM FRONT
SURFACE OF
CONDENSER COIL
ECSS40 SHOWN



(11) SERVICE

CAUTION

RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK
DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE
SERVICING UNIT

Before any service work is performed on the case, make sure all power is disconnected to the case.



Important: Read Section REFRIGERATION WARNING INSTALLATION-REPAIR-DECOMMISSIONING” of this manual starting on page 7.

All refrigeration and electrical work shall be performed by certified technicians.

-To find a service company in your area, please visit our website at www.federalindustries.com. There you can also find self-service tools to help you get the answers you need faster!

-For Warranty Service Requests & ALL Technical Support please contact:

Phone: (800) 356-4206 and choose the Tech Support/Warranty Option

Email: Service@federalind.com

-For Warranty Compressors please contact the Parts Department:

Phone: (800) 356-4206 and choose the Warranty Parts Option

Email: Parts@Federalind.com



Federal Industries has partnered with Parts Town for ALL Non-Warranty Part Identification, Pricing, Lead Times, Orders & Freight Quotes. Please contact Parts Town directly if you need parts:

Website: PartsTown.com

Email: CustomerService@PartsTown.com

Phone: 833-809-8188

Special Service Situations

There are rare occasions when the refrigerant charge must be evacuated from a case in order to perform service work. In those situations, Federal Industries recommends that the refrigerant charge be evacuated into a recovery system to prevent the possibility of hydrofluorocarbons (HFC's) from being released into the atmosphere.

If moisture or liquid is observed around or under a Federal Industries case, an immediate investigation should be made by qualified personnel to determine the source of the moisture or liquid. The investigation made should determine if the case is malfunctioning or if there is a simple housekeeping problem.



CAUTION

Moisture or liquid around or under a case is a potential slip/fall hazard for persons walking by or working in the general area of the case. Any case malfunction or housekeeping problem that creates a slip/fall hazard around or under a case should be corrected immediately.

Pre-Service Checklist



CAUTION

Electric Shock Hazard. Before servicing case turn off power at the main breaker of fuse box.

You may avoid the cost and inconvenience of an unnecessary service call by first reviewing this checklist of frequently encountered situations that can cause unsatisfactory case performance.

SITUATION	CHECKLIST	NOTES (Note any findings and share with technician when calling for service)
<i>Case Does Not Operate</i>	Check for disconnected power supply. Check for tripped breaker or blown fuse. Check that power switch is on.	
<i>Lights Do Not Operate</i>	Check that light switch is on. Be sure light cord is properly seated into LED light strip. Is the light cord plugged in to light strip upside down.	
<i>Case Temperature Too Warm</i>	Check that the cold air inlet and outlet slots are not blocked. Be sure that the rear doors are closed and tightly sealed. Check for a blocked or dirty condenser coil fins. Check cold airflow. Lack of adequate cold airflow could be a defective evaporator fan or blocked evaporator coil. Check that paper or foreign material is not blocking evaporator. If the evaporator coil is blocked due to excessive frost, initiate a manual defrost on the electronic temperature control as described in the Using Electronic Temperature Control section of this manual. Is the case installed properly to allow adequate air flow to and from condenser? Check that the electronic control settings are correct.	

	Check environmental conditions. This case is designed to operate in no more than 80°/ 55% percent humidity.	
<i>Case Sweating</i>	Some interior sweating is normal on this case. Check room ambient – Case is designed to operate in an environment not to exceed 75°F and 55% relative humidity. Check all the fans in the evaporator compartment and tower are running.	
<i>Overflow of condensate pan (where provided)</i>	Check that drain in bottom of tub floor is not plugged. Check that drain trap to the condensate pan is not plugged	
<i>Overflow of condensate pump (where provided)</i>	Check that drain in bottom of tub floor is not plugged. Check that drain trap to the condensate pan is not plugged Check that drain lines from pump are not plugged or pinched. Check to see that pump float is operating correctly. Verify that pump is plugged in and has power. Replace pump if still not pumping condensate.	

11.1 SPECIAL SERVICE SITUATIONS

If moisture or liquid is observed around or under a Federal Industries case, an immediate investigation should be made by qualified personnel to determine the source of the moisture or liquid. The investigation made should determine if the case is malfunctioning or if there is a simple housekeeping problem.

Moisture or liquid around or under a case is a potential slip /fall hazard for persons walking by or working in the general area of the case. Any case malfunction or housekeeping problem that creates a slip / fall hazard around or under a case should be corrected immediately.

(12) SALE & DISPOSAL

IMPORTANT: Read this Section of this manual located on page 5.

“REFRIGERATION WARNING & INSTALLATION-REPAIR-DECOMMISSIONING”

All refrigeration and electrical work must be performed by certified technicians

If you the owner sells or gives away this Federal Industries case it is the owner's responsibility to make sure that all safety labels and the Installation-Service Manual are included with it. If you need replacement labels or manuals, Federal Industries will provide them free of charge. Contact the customer service department at Federal Industries at (800) 356-4206.

The customer service department at Federal Industries should be contacted at the time of sale or disposal of your case so records may be kept of its new location.

If you sell or give away your Federal Industries case, you should evacuate the refrigerant charge before shipment. Federal Industries recommends that the charge be evacuated into a recovery system to prevent the possibility of HFO's from being released into the atmosphere.

Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling/Disposal

When recycling or discarding case, refrigerants **MUST BE** handled according to local, state and federal codes, requirements and regulations.

If disposing of a refrigerated case that uses ozone depleting chemicals in its refrigeration system, make sure the refrigerant is removed by a qualified service technician and properly disposed of.

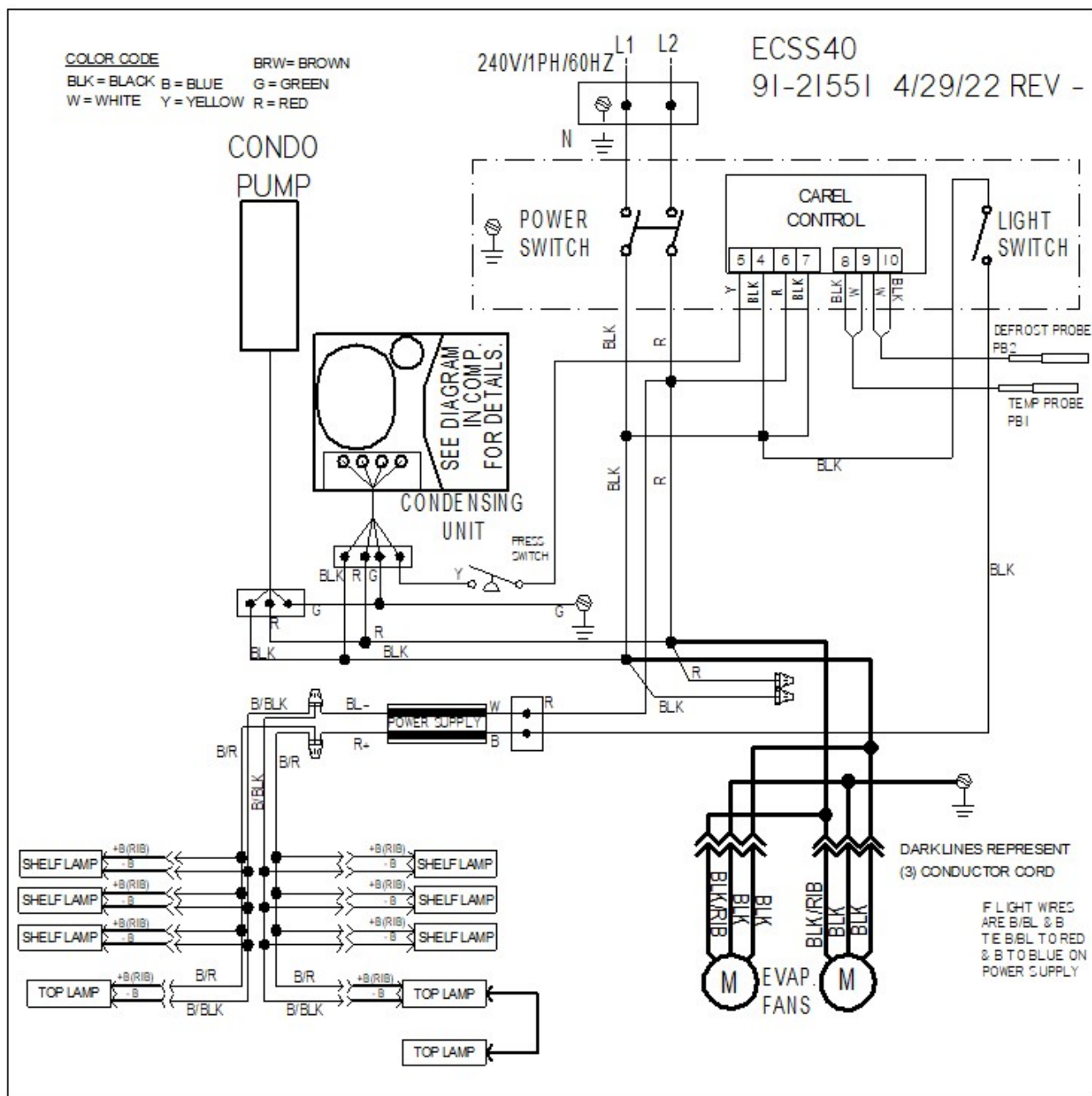
If you intentionally release refrigerant into the atmosphere, you may be subject to fines or other penalties (under regulation mandated by environmental regulators and/or legislative edict.)

(13) PARTS LIST

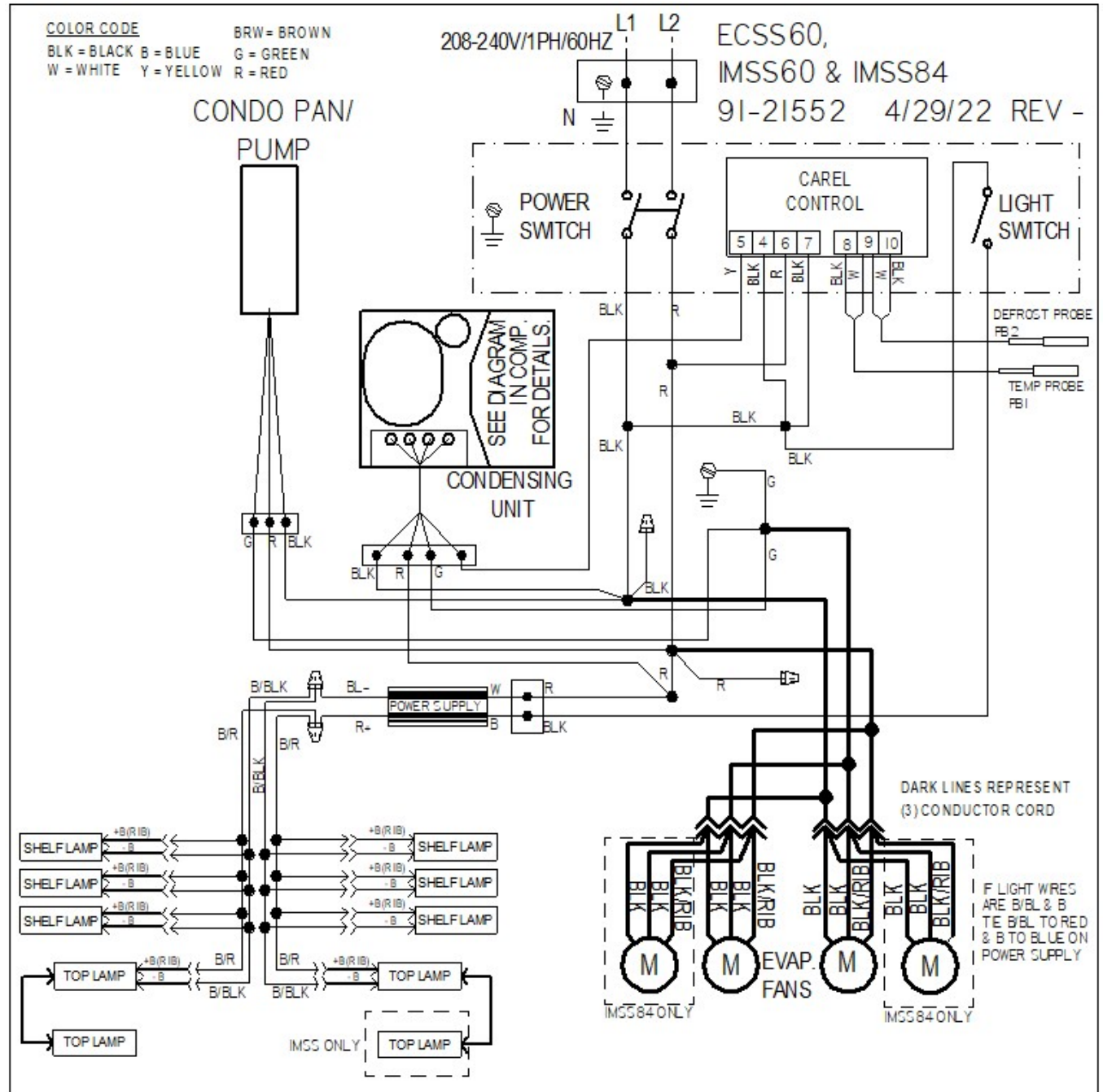
Refrigeration System	ECSS40	ECSS60	ECSS80
Condensing Unit Copeland (Self Contained)	30-21669	30-21669	
Replacement Compressor	N/A	N/A	N/A
Safety Pressure Control	32-51009	N/A	N/A
Evaporator Coil Left/ Right	33-18810-L/33-18810-R	33-19285-L/33-19285-R	33-21922-L/33-21922-R
Expansion Valve TXV	32-20874	32-20874	32-20874 (2)
Remote EEV	32-21226	32-21226	32-21226
Sight Glass	32-54011	32-54011	32-54011
Refrigerant Filter/Drier	32-19067	32-19067	32-19067
Refrigeration Solenoid Valve (Remote)	32-21915-6	32-21915-6	32-21915-6
Refrigeration Solenoid Valve COIL (Remote)	32-21915-C24	32-21915-C24	32-21915-C24
Check Valve	32-21916-5	32-21916-5	32-21916-5
Motor Evaporator Fan with Blade	41-21237-12	41-121237-14	41-21237-16
Wire Harness Evaporator Motor		-	43-21501
Electrical Components			
Wire Harness	43-21207	43-21206	43-21206
LED Strip Light 3500K (6 or 8)	42-20871-25C35	42-20871-42C35	42-20871-42C35
LED Strip Light 3500K 18" (1)	42-20871-20C35	42-20871-20C35	42-20871-20C35
LED Strip Light 3500K 6" (4 or 6)	-	-	42-20871-6C35
Top End Lamp Cord (6") (1)	43-21056-1	43-21056-1	43-21056-1
Top and Shelf Lamp Cord (16") (6 OR 8)	43-21543-2B	43-21543-2B	43-21543-2B
Shelf End Lamp Cord (3") (4 OR 6)	-	-	43-21264
Light power Supply 24V	39-20555	39-20555	39-20555
Power Switch	41-13733	41-13733	41-13733
Light Switch	41-11066	41-11066	41-11066
Temp Control - Self Contained	32-19865-3	32-19865-3	32-19865-3
Temp Control - Remote	32-19865-71	32-19865-71	32-19865-71
Probe Temp (2)	32-19094	32-19094	32-19094
Condensate Pump	47-15687	47-15687	47-15687
Optional Condensate Pan (Field Install Separate Circuit)	47-19541 (120v 1500w)	40-21073-1 (230V 3000w)	40-21073-1 (230V 3000w)
Optional Power Cord	43-19090	43-19090	43-20234
EEV Control	32-21223	32-21223	32-21223
EEV Temperature Probe	32-21224	32-21224	32-21224
EEV Pressure Transducer	32-21225	32-21225	32-21225
Sensor, Ref. Detect. System (RDS)	32-21917	32-21917	32-21917
RDS Harness, Leak Sensor, 8'	43-21921-8	43-21921-8	43-21921-8
RDS Harness, Leak Sensor, 4'	43-21921-4	43-21921-4	43-21921-4
Miscellaneous Components			
Display Deck Plastic Left/Right	15-18857-L/ 15-18857-R	15-19293-L/ 15-19293-R	15-19292-L, 15-19292-R & 15-19720 (2)
Fastener Pad Set Display Deck	77-17848/77-17849	77-17848/77-17849	77-17848/77-17849
Metal Shelf Black (SHELF ONLY)	M20957-3L & 3R	M20957-2L & 2R	M20957-4L & 4R
Air Diffuser Honeycomb Air Discharge	W11533-2	W11533-4	W11533-10
Shelf Bracket Long	67-21296	67-21296	67-21296
Shelf Bracket Short	67-21296-1	67-21296-1	67-21296-1
Thermometer	32-13662	32-13662	32-13662
Optional Condenser Air Filter only	16-19228	16-19228	16-19228
Super Filter Coat – Filter Adhesive	22-21164	22-21164	22-21164

(14) CASE WIRING DIAGRAMS

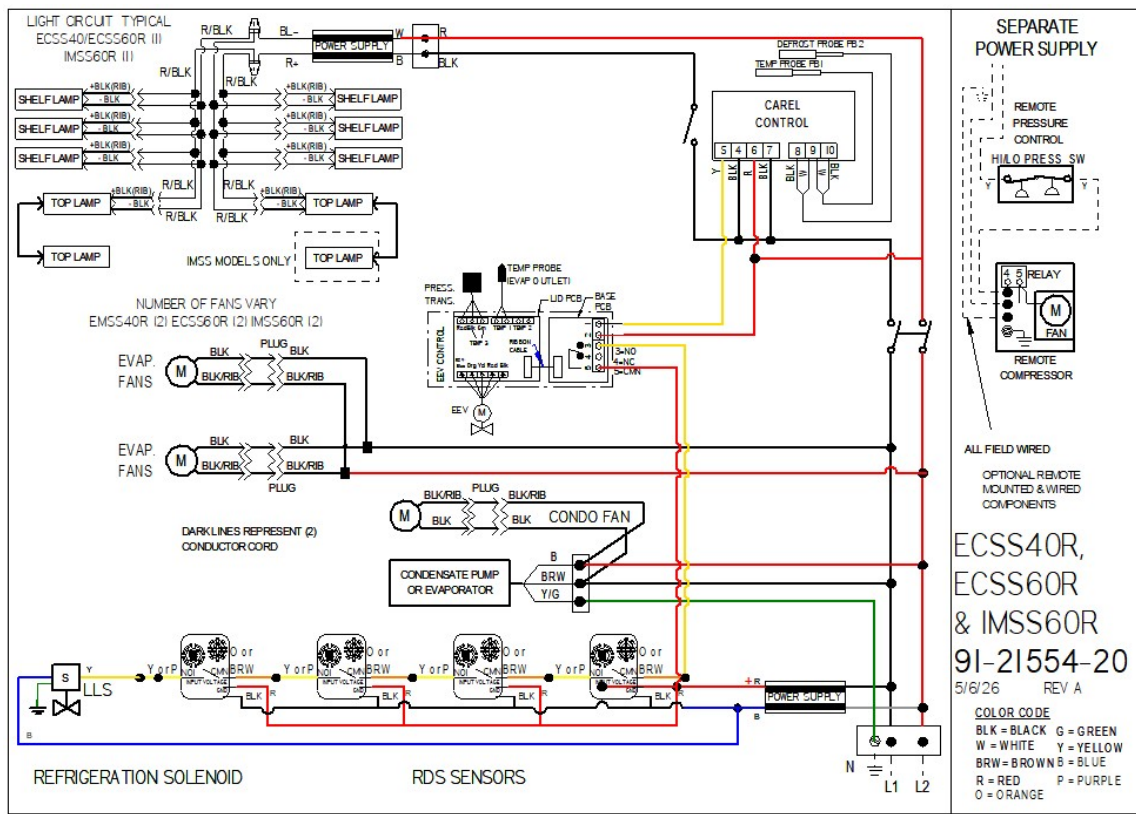
14.1 SELF-CONTAINED ECSS40SC



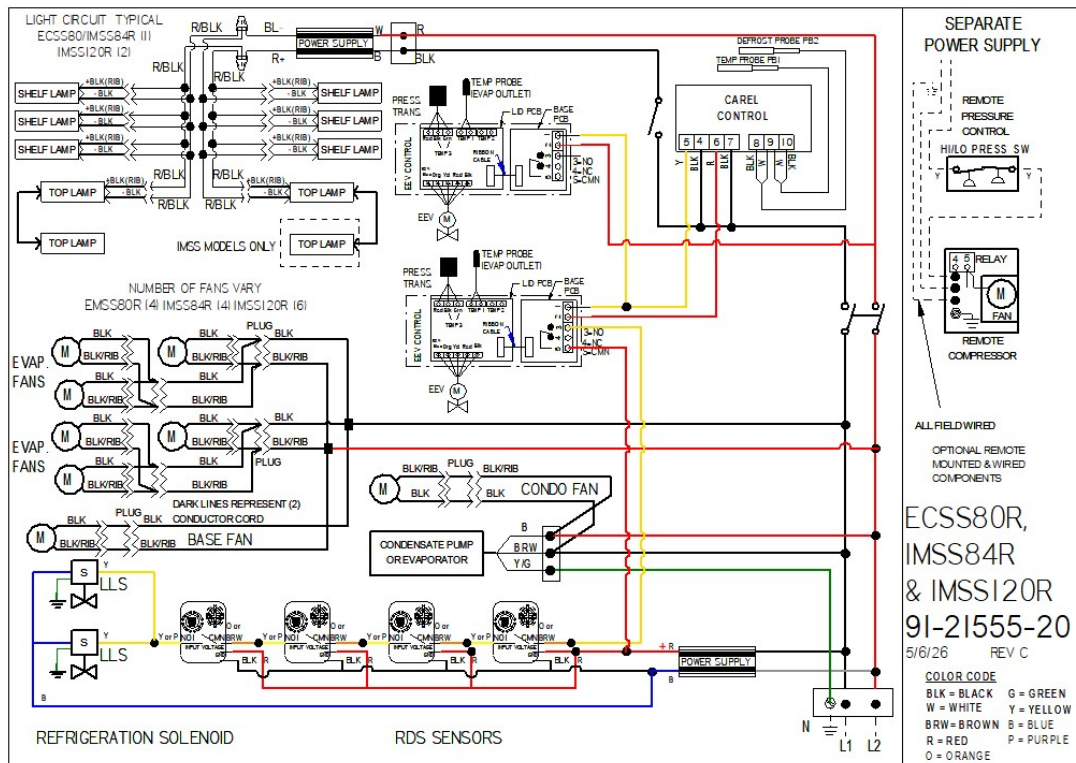
14.2 SELF-CONTAINED ECSS60SC & ECSS80SC



14.3 REMOTE ECSS40R & ECSS60R



14.4 REMOTE ECSS80R



California Residents Only.



This product can expose you to chemicals including chromium which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

See also section 10.1
Cleaning Condenser Coil

Condenser Coil Inspection Sheet

When rating, 1 is good condition, 5 is poor condition

Unit Install Date:		Model:		Unit Serial Number:	
Date	Initial	Dirt (1 Like New - 5 Very Dirty)	Cleaned Coil (Y/N)	Coil Fins (1 Like New - 5 Highly Deformed)	Comments